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THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.
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The Commercial.

Those subscribers to the COMMERCIAL who receive their paper at their residence's and places of business on Fifth street, Wood street, Liberty, Penn and Duquesne Ways, are notified that no route has been transferred to R. W. Wilson, who alone is entitled to make collections thereon.

CITY ITEMS.

Dr. C. Still, 949, is Not Dead,

as false reports would have it; nor is his health in the slightest impaired from the gas. He continues taking the laughing gas, as he has always done, and could not offer to his patrons anything which he would deem healthy more than it. The object of the Dental Association is to alarm the people, so that they will cease the use of laughing gas. And thus, at a small expense and little trouble, destroying the influence of the safest and best remedy that God ever gave for the relief of afflicted man. I, having been the first to administer this agent in Pittsburgh, have drawn about me hosts of friends, and my enemies are "spelling" as they see it in this it is and are much more distressed at the successful than unsuccessful cases—which do not exceed one in twenty. The nineteen giving perfect satisfaction. And in no case has any person died, or been injured, from laughing gas taken from me. The report of two deaths in New York, is also false.

Helen Western

In two of her great plays—the Spy of St. Marc and the French Spy.

The "Whirlpool."

Told said—we will not vouch for the truth of it—that the ladies have adopted the "Whirlpool" as the name for the substitute to "Waterfall." The "Revolt," is worn by those who have enough of their own growth to allow it to trail behind naturally or hang in tresses. The "Frizzle" is denominated by the sailors as the "Hurricane on Sea or the Frigat on Land." Pittock's is the denominated headquarters for gold pens, wallets, albums, &c.

Don't waste the counterfeit presentiments of your friends by allowing them to lie about to be destroyed, but get an album to place them in. Pittock keeps a fine lot.

Lost in Pittsburgh, sums of money by not carrying a wallet. Pittock has an assortment.

"Seaside Walk by Day." Pittock's Pharoah's Serpents. False Pride, Agnes, Jealousy, Stories told to a Child, and other new books received the past week at Pittock's.

All the late magazines and papers at Pittock's.

Minnie and Ada Monk, Couldocks, Helen Western, Julia Daly, Emelie Melville, Carrie Moore, Sophie Gimber, Jean Hosmer, photographs of these and 3,000 others at Pittock's. New cards received.

Diarrhœa and sickness at Pittock's.

Ballou's 18c Monthly for April at Pittock's.

Ladies—Look Children

Remember the price of admission is only 25 cents at the Opera House this afternoon to see Fanchon.

That New Well.

At No. 70 Fifth street, is still "doing" a good business. You more counter to Duquesne Way, are notified, that as no route has been transferred to R. W. Wilson, who alone is entitled to make collections thereon.

Don't fail to see Fanchon,

In which the entire Opera House Company will appear, this afternoon.

Remember

The great sale of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Furniance's Card Photographs,

Are taken in any weather, in all the various popular styles, singly or by the dozen, at 25 cents each. We guarantee satisfaction. Gallery corner Fifth and Market streets.

Go hear the

Merry Cricket Chirp at the Opera House this afternoon Admission 25 cents.

Remember

The great sale of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

A Card.

Wm. Ladley & Co., Fashionable Tailors, 52 St. Clair street, would call the attention of our patrons, and the citizens of Pittsburgh in general, to our well selected and varied assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, fresh from the importers, comprising all the articles suitable for a gentleman's wardrobe. To those in search of specialities, we would suggest an early call. Wm. Ladley & Co.

Give us a Call.

South & Ross, 62 Market street.

Remember

The great sale of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Part of a House Wanted.

Three or four rooms for a small family, immediately, for which a good rent will be paid, Address "S," COMMERCIAL office. Allegheny city preferred.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

At 62 Market street. South & Ross.

Remember

The great sale of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Kenwood Boarding School,

For Boys, New Brighton, Pa. Summer Session begins March 20th.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

At 62 Market street. South & Ross.

Notice.

Merchants and Grocers please remember that you can find a good assortment of Broom Corn, consisting of Scrubs, Whitewash, Shoe Brushes, Duster, Paint Brushes, Sash Brushes and Pipes of all kinds. Cane Stems, Matches and Blacking Tubes, all numbers, lathed and without, and a general assortment of notions, cheap at No. 240 Liberty street. Thompson.

Remember

The great sale of Dry Goods at Barker & Co.'s, 59 Market street.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

At 62 Market street. South & Ross.

Bargains in Sewing Machines.

A few first class Sewing Machines at nearly half price, some of them being in use but a short time. Apply Wm. Summers & Co., No. 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

Table Oil.

The season is now approaching when a fine quality of Table Oil will be in demand. We can tell any of our readers who may want the article, that at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, they can obtain it, and we guarantee that it cannot be approached in quality by any in the city. And what is more, Fleming don't ask an exhorbitant price for it. In fact, if you want anything in the drug line you may be sure of getting the best article, for less money than you can buy it elsewhere.

Call and See Us

At 62 Market street. South & Ross.

Historians, Hunters, Housewives.

Historians find nothing superior on record; Hunters seek it, and bonny Housewives will use none other than Sawyer's Barber's Soap.

The Daily Commercial

ABOUT PIANOS.

AN AFTERNOON AT STEINWAY'S.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

NEW YORK, February 1, 1866.

A sight-seer who would sojourn in this great city without attempting to visit the establishment which forms the subject of this article, would be only equally blameable were he to "do" Boston without toiling up the narrow and winding steps of the "monument," to pass through the "City of magnificent distances" without lingering in the splendid halls of our new Capitol, or coming nearer home, were he to visit the City of Smoke and not find time and opportunity to look into the fiery craters of the Fort Pitt Works, or deny himself the pleasure of a brief inspection of the well ordered office and powerful presses of the COMMERCIAL building.

With the above ideas of the subject, and armed with a letter of introduction wherewith to throw open the inmost recesses of the huge manufactory, I entered the marble doorway of the Fourteenth street buildings of the Messrs. Steinway & Sons. After enjoying and fully appreciating a hearty reception and genial manners of William Steinway, Esq., and being handed a number of "Grands," "Squares" and "Uprights," which filled the spacious and well lighted warerooms with their gleaming rosewood and burnished ivory, I was handed a few lines, granting me the privilege of seeing and learning all I could ask, and being also an unlimited number of questions. Now for brief digression.

It is not my intention to tax your space, or the patience of your readers, by a profound research into the origin of the manufacture of the piano, or of the gradual steps which have led to the present perfection of this noble instrument, but to give an idea of the results of Teutonic perseverance and American ingenuity, which, combined in the Steinway firm, give us an instrument which it is the ambition of every music-loving household in the land to possess, and, possessed, is a delight. Some forty streets further North, the immense but symmetrical proportions of the manufacturing locale above the surrounding buildings, within a few moments the potency of my mission was evident in the extremely obliging behavior of the Superintendent, who forthwith signified his readiness, like Spartacus, to "lead on."

But before plunging into the dusty din around us, let me present a few figures, to convey an idea as to

WHAT THEY DO.

The Messrs. Steinway & Sons now employ one hundred skilled workmen, and turn out ten finished pianos every week, or about forty-eight per month. Starting at the commencement, we find the number increased to fifty, of which thirty-eight are "Squares," eight "Grands," and four "Uprights." This will make their annual production two thousand six hundred finished instruments. Starting at the other end

...ily Commercial

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1866.

...PUBLICAN UNION NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN W. GEARY,

...of Wool Growers of Allegheny County.

...ania Convention of Wool Growers di...nomination the Vice President of each ...all meetings of the wool growers of ...ommonwealth for the purpose of form... ...ssociation auxiliary to the State Asso... ...ntenance of said resolve the wool ...y Allegheny county are requested to ...Hare's Hotel, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, ...Tuesday the 21st day of March, 1866, at 11 ...or, A. M., then and there to take into con...sideration the propriety of forming a county ...ciety and electing delegates to the State Asso...ciation, and also such other matters and things ...may be essential to the extension, prosperity ...rotection against foreign importation of ...portant and valuable agricultural inter...

All are earnestly and respectfully invited ...attend.

WM. F. JOHNSTON,
Vice President State Association for Allegheny County.

PITTSBURGH, March 9, 1866.

GOV. CURTIN AND THE PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE BILL.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* of Thursday says: "Some of the most respectable men in the immense region of country to be affected by the legislation lately accorded to the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, have been in Harrisburg, for the purpose of urging the Governor to veto the bill which gives that corporation the right to control the unoccupied railroad ground in the counties through which it passes as well as immediately adjoining counties. The opposition to this measure is immense. By the people in the region to be affected, it is regarded as a monstrous wrong; and this morning it was confidently asserted that the Governor will veto the bill. Of course we only give the rumor as we find it in circulation, concerning the anticipated Executive disapproval of the measure."

We have private intelligence from the State Capital which leads us to believe that Governor CURTIN will not sign the bill, but will return it with his veto. By doing so he would enhance his fame and lay under lasting obligations every honest man in the State.

THE OLD VIRUS.

It is the fundamental principle of the copperheads, whenever a soldier of the Union shows his head, to hit him. Nothing so enrages them as the appearance before the people for public station of one of the heroes most conspicuous in fighting the Rebellion down. This is perfectly natural. Therefore the assault on GEARY the Pittsburgh *Post* will excite no surprise. The Rebellion being down, that paper finds it to be a duty to fight the men who put it down. Hence the follow-

...didate nominated by the Conven... Geary, is like its proceedings a huge ...onderous humbug, whose military ...its consisted in newspaper puffs, ...by one of his staff at his own sugges... ...olitical charlatan he is willing to ...party, and the expediency Abolition... ...ase, have shown their shameless in... ...by placing him in nomination for ...low in the gift of our people. Instead ...by experience, and steering clear of ...doubtful political standing, they rush ...old Democrats, and cold meats on ...them their highest honors. This proceeding, as ...in the nomination of Andrew Johnson, is for ...again cheating the people. But ...the masses have their eyes open, and will not ...be again deceived."

We hope that the *Post* and all the copperhead press will keep up that fire. The supporters of General GEARY can safely go to the people on it, for if there is anything that may be counted on with perfect security, it is the settled intention of the people of Pennsylvania to defend and reward those who did their duty in saving the Government.

CRIMES AND MISERIES.

The Greeks had a mythologic tradition, that up to a certain period the race of man was happy and wise, free from disease, sin and all wretchedness, but that a mysterious gift was sent on the earth, which introduced, under false and fascinating pretenses, every kind of mischief, misery and abomination. We shall not detail, nor attempt to substantiate or refute any of the various conjectures and theories in relation to this Pandora visitation. But the fatality of the miseries that they ascribed to its varied forms, is clearly enough embraced in our modern Pandora, *intoxicating drinks*.

Can it be that our courts, grand juries, moral and religious teachers, trusted physicians and sober citizens see the desolations that intemperance is spreading among all classes and all interests? Do they believe the oft demonstrated connection between the monstrous tyranny of intemperance and the crimes, poverty, domestic misery, prisons, almshouses, juvenile suffering and debasement, that meet the eye in all directions? The cholera, should it visit this city next summer, will not destroy so many lives as intemperance destroys yearly. Yet next to nothing is done to arrest the process of decimation. Twenty forts reared their frowning battlements around this city, at the rumor of Lee's approach, for its protection against his dreaded assault. But a worse enemy lives within it, more destructive and not less steeped in treachery, against whose daily deceptions of the unwary and slaughters of the weak, hardly a warning voice is raised, from the jury room, the bench or the pulpit. The volcano is burning and surging in the secret depths beneath every family, and, any day, may belch forth its fatal current and sweep a loved and hopeful son to ruin.

The boasted civilization and elevated morality of the age receive but a sorry compliment from the indifference with which this fruitful source of crime and misery is regarded in these times. What minute philosopher will estimate the benefits accruing to the wealth, intelligence, morality, social enjoyment of the city of Pittsburgh from its five or six hundred drinking houses? Microscopic scrutiny cannot discover any. But the personal violence, the home quarrels, the robberies, the sickness, the waste of time, the private miseries and public expense resulting from intemperance, are too formidable an array of horrors for figures to express. The civil government has an interest in this subject. It will not do to ignore it in the State, though it is a moral evil. Drunkenness unfits a man for his functions as a citizen, and makes him a burden when he ought to be a helper. The tax-payers have a right to demand that all legal means should be employed to save public expense. And the very first item that they should insist on having abated is, that which imposes on them the burden of supporting criminals and paupers made such only by intemperance. To say that it cannot be done is a concession to the ascendancy of lawlessness, which we hope our country is not ready to make. If it must be in this case, it may be demanded in other cases, and then liberty and safety, law and government, will be reckoned among things dear indeed to the good citizen, but lost and trampled under foot by the bad.

We have no reference in these remarks to one license law or another. We do not refer to the subject merely in its ethical or in its financial aspects, but we take the broad view of the general public interest, and present it as one with which the actual safety of the country is closely connected. And we appeal to public officials, and to philanthropic citizens of every class, to unite in the grand design of suppressing this formidable rebellion against our common humanity. Every legal and moral influence should be directed by courts, juries and citizens, to the rescue of the country, and especially our own city, from this unreasonable and unrighteous infliction.

"A GREAT RAILROAD SWINDLE."

Under this title the Harrisburg *Telegraph* announces the Philadelphia and Erie bill, and appeals earnestly to Governor CURTIN to veto it. After expressing the belief that the bill is unconstitutional, the *Telegraph* remarks, that "to approve such a measure would be to exile Governor CURTIN from his native county—to estrange him from a people in a region of country he has heretofore faithfully served, and in whose future welfare so much of his own future is involved. Indeed, this bill seems to have been framed and passed to arrest the spirit of enterprise in a section of the State heretofore neglected by railroad development. It is calculated to put a bar on individual ...take progress of communities, ...care of the entire Common... ...such priv... ...deny ... ...in ... ...the ...

Governor will veto this bill—nay, it is inferred from his high course of justice and the dignified impartiality which has characterized his two administrations, that he will disapprove a measure so fraught with mischief to enetrprise, and so calculated to place a dangerous monopoly in the hands of dangerous men.

"This last attempt to place the absolute control of a vast and wealthy portion of our territory in the hands of a single monopoly, will open the eyes of the people to the necessity of having speedily enacted a general railroad law, by the terms of which any set of men will be enabled to build a railroad wherever the enterprise or locality may indicate a suitable route. Capital will not be invested unless a fair return of its earnings is made sure. Legislation should not be invoked to prevent such investments. If one set of men desire to build a railroad where another road is already in operation, in all reason and justice they have as good a right to do so as one man has to build a rolling or cotton mill, or establish a mercantile house, where others already exist. A general railroad law will simplify all this difficulty—will modify all monopoly—will increase the wealth of the State—will add new demands for labor—will, in reality, make our railroad system one of interest to communities instead of mere profit to favored individuals."

Members and Senators should not be astonished should the belief become general that a dishonest measure stands a better chance in the Legislature of Pennsylvania than an honest one,—at any rate, when they misrepresent their constituents so monstrously as some did who voted for this swindle, they need not expect that a very great number of people will go about defending their motives. If they *will* vote for bills destructive to the interests of the State, against which their constituents to a man—unless personally interested in their passage—are opposed, and which nobody wants except it be a monopoly which can afford to pay for any amount of corrupt legislation,—we say if they will persist in doing this, they cannot expect to stand free from the suspicion which honest men generally wish to avoid, unless they can make good the scarcely less damaging plea of ignorance.

HOW IS THIS?

A private letter from Harrisburg informs us that the vote on the Philadelphia and Erie bill has not yet appeared in the *Record*. The writer says, however, that in the House only eighteen members voted against and that *all the Allegheny members voted for the passage of the bill*. In the Senate, we are assured, the bill was fought inch by inch, "tooth of the Allegheny Senators opposing it most earnestly." They may count on receiving the hearty approbation of their constituents for their action.

FOR CONGRESS.

—Major General JAMES S. NEGLEY inserts in our columns a card announcing himself for Congress from the Twenty-second District. Without intending to be understood as taking sides in any manner on this question, at this early day, we direct attention to the General's card. That his claims to the distinguished position will be fairly considered we do not question. It does not appear that the General intends to submit them to a convention,—we infer that he intends to stand before the people as an independent candidate.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The body of the unknown man drowned on the steamer Nannie Byers, and brought to Cincinnati and deposited at Soard's undertaker office, Vine, a few days after, buried in Potter's Field. After the interment, Miss A. Stratton, from New York, arrived in the city, and claimed the body as that of her brother. She proceeded to Potter's Field, but the remains were not there, having been stolen by some dealer in anatomical specimens. The body, however, was found in the city, and delivered to Miss Stratton, who departed for her home with the corpse.

The military district of East Tennessee has been discontinued. That portion of the State is now without any military force, and without Quartermaster's depots. On Saturday last the remaining soldiers left, and on Monday the Quartermaster's department was removed to Chattanooga. There is not now a corporal's guard in the state east of Chattanooga. Gen. Fisk says that there are very few vagrants or idle negroes in Nashville, or indeed throughout the State. Labor is in the greatest demand, and the negroes generally find it supposed to go to work for wages quickly. The farmers and planters are now offering twenty dollars a month and expenses for field hands, and occasionally the demand cannot be supplied.

The Belfast *Agate* states that there is a perfect mania prevailing throughout most of the interior towns of Maine on the subject of local lotteries. Schemes embracing farms, mills, spavined horses, cheap watches, brass jewelry, &c., are more plentiful than snow flakes have been this winter.

The ice break last week in the Des Moines has proved very disastrous. At Croton, a large mill was swept away, more than half the houses destroyed, and many of the inhabitants barely escaped with their lives. Great damage was also done at Bonaparte. At last accounts the river at Croton was subsiding, but there was much reason to apprehend another rise.

The disbursements of the Treasury on account of the War, Navy and Interior Departments, during the last month, were as follows: War Department, $15,103,389 96; Navy Department, $302,006 27; Interior Department, $2,938,084 70; total, $21,371,-486 23.

There is some suggestive points in the recent statistics of Ireland. In the past year there has occurred a decrease in the number of inhabited houses of Ireland to the extent of 16,277, and in the population, of 94,846—and three million more letters were posted on the island than during the previous year.

A wool grower made the statement at a late convention in Vermont, held on a bitter cold day, that every rag of clothes he had on was made of foreign wool, while he had at home three clips of wool from his own flocks which he could not sell.

Advices from the interior of Missouri are very encouraging in regard to the coming crop. A much greater breadth of land will be seeded in Missouri this season than has generally been supposed would be, though there has not been that difficulty among farmers to procure labor as was at first thought. A very good understanding exists between the farmers and the freedmen, the latter having entered into contracts freely, and they generally comply with them. The hemp crop will not probably be as large as in years before the war, and even since the war, but the corn, wheat and tobacco crops, it is thought, will be. The wheat, which was reported very much injured, is coming out well since the moderate weather, and the prospect in Missouri and especially in Kansas, is very promising at present.

Boxes containing munitions of war are being shipped from Philadelphia to the headquarters of the Fenians at New York. The bonds of the Irish Republic are meeting with a ready sale.

PERSONAL.

—Dan Duncan, a landlord in Indianapolis, called on a poor tenant to collect his rent. He found the poor woman toiling at the wash tub, with the evidences of destitution all around her. Duncan took a look around, and could not bring himself to collect rent as bad as he thought he did. He gave the woman a receipt for the two months due, and two months in advance, and then sent her provisions enough to last a load of provisions to see her through the winter. Will not some other landlords emulate Duncan's example?

—The Empress of the French, accompanied by the Princess de Metternich, went out on the 10th ult., on the shooting excursion at Marly. Her Majesty killed seventy-nine head of game.

—The circumstances of the death of Gen. Bowers were these: The train had reached Garrison's Station, and he was engaged in looking for a missing carpet bag when the train began to move. He rushed out to get on board. In attempting to do so he seized hold of the railing on the platform of the car in which General Grant was seated, and jumped upon the step, his body striking with such force against the car as to break his hold on the railing, precipitating him from the step. In the fall he swung around between the cars, his head and that part of his body above the hips falling inside of the track, the car running over him, producing death instantly. His body was dragged about one hundred yards on to a switch and over it, the head being horribly mutilated, as was also the upper part of the body. As soon as possible the train was stopped, and the body of the unfortunate man was taken from the track. Gen. Grant was notified of the accident by Mr. Garrison, the proprietor of the ferry, who said, "General, I think you had better step out, for I am afraid Adjutant is killed." General Grant replied, "Something told me he was killed;" and upon seeing the body he said, "That is him; a very estimable man he was. He has been with me through all my battles." General Grant remarked that no event had so moved him as this.

—The numerous friends of Gen. George H. Crossman will be gratified to learn that he has been ordered to resume his position as chief quartermaster at Philadelphia.

THE INFAMOUS "GRIDIRON."

The People in Motion.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROOKVILLE, February 7th, 1866.

Last evening, a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of this place assembled, pursuant to public notice, at the Court House, to take into consideration the "infamous bill" passed the other day by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, placing a large portion of the State—twenty-two or more counties—under the control and management of the Pennsylvania Railroad monopoly. A preamble and resolutions, clearly setting forth the gross injustice and iniquity of the bill, were unanimously adopted, and ordered to be forwarded to the Senate, House of Representatives, and the Governor. The people through all this region, without regard to politics, are *as one man* on this subject. They demand that the Governor shall return the bill, and they demand of the Legislature that it shall reconsider and strike out the obnoxious, unheard of, wicked and dangerous powers contained in said bill.

The "COMMERCIAL" of the 6th, received here this morning, contains, in substance, precisely the sentiments which actuated the meeting last night. The people of these midland counties ask nothing unreasonable; they stand greatly in need of railroad facilities—more so than any other part of the State,—but they did not ask for, nor will they ever sanction such railroad legislation as that. The people have believe that many members of the Legislature must have been imposed upon, and voted for that fraudulent attempt upon the liberties and rights of the people, under a total misapprehension of the bad features contained in it. But they hope that the Governor, with his eyes opened to its outrageous features, will not hesitate to return it.

It seems to the people in the interior of our good old Commonwealth, that the managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company—not representing the wishes of *any people* in the State—are rapidly bringing about an *issue* between that corporation and the *people* generally. As a unit, the people here are ready to meet that issue, and they have come to the conclusion, the sooner the better. Circumstances seem to have impelled the managing genius of that corporation to go on in the pride of his wealth and power, from bad to worse, till the cloven foot has been fairly exposed before the whole State and the whole country. Those who hesitated before the introduction of this vile act of legislation to believe that his acts could be so entirely without consideration of the true interests of Pennsylvania, hesitate no longer. It is obvious now to every one that he will stop at nothing to maintain the legislative power over the people which he has boasted of. He has yet to learn, and will learn, that however cunningly devised, bold, and however unscrupulous he may be, that there is a limit to his power over the welfare of a great people. And members of the Legislature, those who do not yet know it, will learn that there is a limit to the legislative imposition that can be put upon our people. Your editorial above referred to, meets the case exactly; with you we are now waiting to see how members of the Legislature are going to act. If the Governor signs it, there will be trouble in this State of ever the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company managers should undertake to carry out the unconstitutional and unrighteous powers of that bill.

THE RAILROADLESS REGION.

Important Pittsburgh Connection.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROOKVILLE, March 8, 1866.

Being in this interior region of the great State, not far from forests of magnificent pines, and in a pure, wholesome atmosphere, with bright running streams of mountain dews in the midst, close by great beds of superior coal, and veins of iron ore, at present inaccessible for the want of railway facilities, I cannot wonder that the people here are so anxious for the speedy coming railroad," the surveys of which have been in progress all winter between Franklin on the Allegheny river and the Susquehanna, passing through this place, under the auspices of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company. The people of Brookville not only hope for that road, but they still look hopefully towards a connection through the Allegheny Valley Railroad with Pittsburgh. Even if the Allegheny Valley line should be built along the valley of the river to Franklin, if the Atlantic and Great Western Company should build their line from the mouth of the East Sandy (a few miles below Franklin) to this place it will give Franklin a good and convenient railroad connection with Pittsburgh, although more circuitous than by the old survey across from Mahoning to Brookville. By the route along the Allegheny river as located last season by the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, the railroad line from Pittsburgh to the mouth of East Sandy is 106 miles; from Mouth of East Sandy to survey to Brookville, about 52 miles, making by that route from Pittsburgh to Brookville 161 miles, whereas by the direct route across from Mahoning to Brookville, if I remember aright, the distance was only 98 miles, or 73 miles less. Nevertheless it would be a great thing for all this section to have even that round about railroad connection with Pittsburgh, and the navigation of the Ohio. Passengers could leave here any day even in the morning, and arrive at Pittsburgh by three in the afternoon of the same day, and they could leave Pittsburgh at noon and be in Brookville at eight o'clock the same evening, without fatigue. Whereas, now they must leave Pittsburgh early in the morning by rail for Kittanning, and then stage all day and arrive late at night, tired out. But for goods, the advantage of an all-rail route, even somewhat circuitous, would be still more marked.

Then having such a railroad outlet to Pittsburgh, and another eastward, toward New York, Philadelphia and Washington, the citizens of Brookville could afford to *wait* for the more direct Pittsburgh connection, believing that in due time the interest of the railroad companies would lead them to build it.

The people here suppose that one object of the Atlantic and Great Western Company is similar to the chief object of most, if not all railroad companies, and most, if not all individuals—to make money. And the Railroad Company, probably, have an idea that if they build a railroad through this portion of Pennsylvania, which is now without such a facility, it will, here as elsewhere, be the means of developing great national resources which belong to this part of the Commonwealth, and the realization of such a means of connecting this region with the civilized world, are of comparatively little value. You will not understand me to insinuate that Brookville is entirely out of the pale of civilization. By no means. But it is supposed to be civilization laboring under difficulties—and chief of these, the absence of railroads. Brookville is happily situated, if happiness may consist in being away from the turmoil and bustle of the world, which railroads tend to increase rather than diminish. Raessias was happy in his valley, surrounded by hills, and secluded from the outer world, so long as he remained blissfully ignorant of what is called the wickedness of that mankind of the outer world. Brookville, too, is surrounded by hills, but unlike the other happy valley, nature here has penetrated these hills to their basis with water-courses, and through there the engineer may get in and out with his railroad. In this respect Brookville has the advantage of its neighbor, Clarion, notwithstanding it is upon a very commanding position, in a military point of view, overlooking quite an extensive country. It is easy to get into Clarion from the East, but rather difficult to get out on the West. Still, one of the railroad routes passes within two or three miles, and will thus bring Clarion also in connection with the great outer world. At present Brookville has the name of being "forty miles from any place;" but fortunately it is so located that railroad routes naturally tend to it. The Atlantic and Great Western line seems to be regarded as a very important line for this country; by others, as well as the people here, if we may judge from the efforts made to delay or frustrate its construction by some persons at a distance. Whether these efforts are just or politic will hereafter appear. In the meanwhile it is gratifying to its advocates to know that the general feeling through all this part of the State is decidedly friendly. I have for years felt a warm interest in the development of this part of Pennsylvania; and I believe that its development by means of the line proposed by the Atlantic and Great Western Company would be rapid, and that Pittsburgh would derive a fair share of the increased business of this region. But were the Atlantic and Great Western Railway to be blotted out of existence, I would entertain the same feeling in regard to this part of the State.

It happens, however, to be the interest of that Company to construct a railroad through this portion of Pennsylvania, and they are able to do it, and will do it unless prevented by some contingency. I agree with the people here in the idea that its completion must be highly advantageous to the State. If I thought otherwise, I would oppose it. So far as I can judge, none of the *people* in this region are opposed to it. Whatever opposition it has appears to spring not at all from any of the people. The people of Pittsburgh, and even of Philadelphia, are not opposed to it. Nevertheless, it has met a bitter opposition on the part of the managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. But strong as they may be, the *people* of Pennsylvania are stronger. It would be very unfortunate if they were not. It would be a sad day for all the people of Pennsylvania when the known wishes and voice of her people could be set aside with impunity, either by a corporation or by the people's representatives in Harrisburg. But the people of Pennsylvania are not yet prepared for slavery, and they are not likely to be. Nevertheless, they may be injured by bad legislation. When bad legislation shall press too hard, and too palpably, the people will certainly resist; for the will of the people must be paramount in Pennsylvania. An attempt was made a good many years ago to ride over the people; it failed then, any similar attempt will again fail. But it demands vigilance. It is the nature of the man government that the few should direct its course, but it is also the nature of an intelligent people to have that course in accordance with their will. It must end in that. There would be a poor show now for a railroad through this region if a large majority of the people of Pennsylvania were opposed to it; but when it is well known that a very large majority—nearly the whole people—are in favor of it, fair play must ultimately occur. Fortunately, it can be shown that it is the interest of the people of any part of the State, to prevent or hinder its construction; while it is easy to understand that its completion, by developing and largely increasing the value (and the population) of this country, must have the effect of reducing taxation generally all over the State. At the same time it is not to be expected that the people in other parts of the State should feel the same lively interest in its speedy opening, as is felt here. The Railroad Company make a liberal offer; asking very little from the people on the route. They ask their good will, and they have it; and it is understood that they only ask them to be fair and liberal when settling for the right of way. All here know that the railroad will be a general benefit, and that it must run through somebody's land; and most of the land owners can well afford to be generous in consideration of the advantages the opening of the line will confer. When a company and a people are thus harmonious, and both of them able and willing to do their share towards the accomplishment of a great and useful improvement, it would be singular indeed if any antagonistic interest should step in between them and "forbid the bans." If these special opponents of this railroad can show how it is to injure Pennsylvania, they will have plenty of company, myself among the rest; but until this can be made to appear, they will probably remain a small minority, acting in opposition to the vast majority of the people. In such a case, while they may delay, they cannot prevent its ultimate construction. If they were compelled to travel through this *railroadless* part of the State, they might feel some sympathy, but they hardly dare show their faces here after the course they have pursued towards the inhabitants of this section of the commonwealth. If they did show them here they would be tinged with the blush of shame. But without coming here they may live to repent.

Yours truly, X.

What Shall the Wool-Growers Do?

NOBLESTOWN, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., }
March 5, 1866. }

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

We hand you clippings from *Miner and Farmer*, N. H. Feeling the time is come for the wool-growers to act, we hope you will oblige the wool-growers of Western Pennsylvania by inserting the inclosed.

GLENN & BROTHER.

MR. C. G. MOORE, of Hancock, N. H., sends us his kind congratulations for our efforts to bring on tariff question before our farmers, and asks how he can aid in carrying out plans for future operations.

The work of forming a County Association is very simple. It is not desirable to have a society but the purpose of holding large meetings and having a time of general speech-making, however desirable and profitable this might be under some circumstances, but the idea is only to have a working organization, a channel through which the efforts and wishes of individuals may be made operative for future purposes, and through which in return may be communicated whatever pertains to the interests of this great branch of our national industry.

We deem it highly important that every county in the State should send on, as numerous as possible, petitions to their representatives in Congress which shall be laid before the Committee of Ways and Means, setting forth the views of the petitioners upon the present tariff, and praying for such changes as shall secure for us equal protection with the manufacturer.

Let a few leading men in each county call a convention. The only necessary officers will be a president and secretary, who shall also act as canvassers. Appoint an executive committee of one man in each town in the county, and authorize him to appoint five assistants or more men in each school district in his town. The secretary should then prepare a circular to call into the hands of every member of the executive committee, instructing him in his duties, and send to every member of his committee a petition for a petition to be given to each school district agent.

These agents, by a few hours' work, can easily see every man in their limits, and then forward the names to the town agent or member of the county executive committee, and he will send them to the Secretary, and he to Washington. By the aid of this simple machinery the whole county can in each county of the State may be had in readiness to send to your representatives in a very few days. Without such an organization, where will you find a man who is willing to canvass a whole county? We illustrate the working of a county association in securing the names of petitioners, as that is a matter of person to person, but it will be equally effectual for any other object. When such an association has been formed, let it be kept in working order. Send on the names of your officers, with their postoffice address, to the Secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association, William F. Greer, Esq., Painesville, Ohio, and through him you will be informed of the National Association's action, and committee.

From on we can have such societies formed throughout the extent of our land, and in good working order, we can begin to do something for ourselves as a class.

The Union State Convention and Governor Curtin.

In the transmission of the resolutions of the State Convention, the following resolutions became mixed. We give them in their proper order:

10. *Resolved*, That the administration of the public affairs of Pennsylvania by Governor Andrew G. Curtin, during the years of trial, toil, responsibility and anxiety, which have recently passed over us, has been marked by such patriotic devotion, unyielding courage, constant watchfulness, unwearied labor and shining ability, as have made his name illustrious in the annals of this Commonwealth, and endeared him a place in the affections and memory of the people which cannot be lost. His enviable title of "the soldiers' friend" is in itself expressive of the highest eulogium that could be pronounced on any public officer, and we desire a term of honorable, useful and most beneficial service shall close, he shall not be forgotten, but honor, love and affection shall encompass him in the plaudits of a grateful public shall cluster around his person and make his name memorable in history.

11. *Resolved*, That this Convention congratulates the people of this State on the passage of a law relieving the real estate of the Commonwealth from taxation for State purposes, and tender to the members of the General Assembly their thanks for their considerate attention to the popular desire, and declare that they confidently refer to it as a proof of the superior capacity of the Union organization for the beneficial conduct of public affairs; that the heavy and exhausting war the debt of Pennsylvania is reduced and the taxes imposed in a time of peace by their political managers of the executive offices, and a General Assembly chosen by a Union party.

The Virginia Legislature.

The Virginia Legislature adjourned on Saturday. The Richmond *Enquirer* sums up the action of the Legislature and deplores it. It says the acts of that body has caused "many a citizen to ponder with new concern of Mexico and Brazil," and this chiefly because the usury law was not repealed, homestead exemption was not passed, and immigration was not promoted. The *Enquirer* calls the Legislature to task, and advises the members to turn to agriculture, and leave law-making to those who understand it.

Before the adjournment the Lieutenant Governor in the Senate, and the Speaker in the House, made brief addresses. The former assured the Senate that during the war he fell and thought as "a Virginia citizen." He praised Governor Pierpont and strongly commended President Johnson, saying, among other things: "Such a man and such an administration I can gladly commend, when you remember that since the recent struggle no attack was made, no complaint was alleged against the Constitution of the United States, but [Johnson] it was to regard to the proper execution of that instrument, and I believe solemnly that of all the interests of the United States, the people of the Southern States are decidedly the most thoroughly loyal to that Constitution."

The Speaker, Mr. Baldwin, employed similar language, and begged the Legislature to be "ever ready to unite with this, our country and our Government, against all creation."

We find no summary of the legislation in regard to the freedmen. The case was generally "let alone." The bill taxing the oyster fundum was passed, though opposed by members from the salt water districts. EX-Governor Wise must experience emotions of profound delight, and oyster consumers hereabout will pay a tribute for each "half dozen" ordered.

Forthcoming Books.

"Garden Flowers" is the title of a volume which will soon be published by J. E. Tilton & Co. It will furnish says the New York *Evening Post*, a complete manual of culture for the flower garden, comprising accounts of all flowers, with descriptions of each genus, peculiarities of culture, soils, modes of propagation, and time of planting. A list of the most desirable species and varieties is also given, including the color of the flower, the season of bloom, the native country of each, and the date of its introduction. The author, in order to cover the whole subject, likewise describes the different perennials, biennials, annuals, shrubs and trees, as well as those greenhouse plants which, familiarly called bedding plants, are used for the summer decoration of the flower garden. The volume is intended as a companion to the work on "Parlor Gardening" by the same author, published a few years since, and is issued in the same style, forming the second of a series which will, in forthcoming volumes, include treatises on greenhouse plants, orchids, wild flowers, ferns, mosses and water plants.

Mr. Bayard Taylor is busy with the proof sheets of his new novel now rapidly passing through the press of Hurd & Houghton. He calls it "The Story of Kennett." It is supposed to contain even more of the elements of a popular novel than "Hannah Thurston," or "John Godfrey." The scene is laid in and about the village of Kennett Square—the author's native place—and describes the quaint and picturesque country life of Pennsylvania, at the beginning of this century.

THE RAILROADS OF NEW YORK.—As appears by the last annual report of the Deputy State Engineer of New York, the total cost of construction and equipment of all the roads in the State using steam is $156,265,36, and the total cost of construction and equipment of roads using horse power is $19,591,185. The entire length of steam roads is 3,090 miles. The number of passengers carried over the same last year is 16,215,477. The miles run by horse-power, 18,419,987; the passengers carried 107,340,967. The expenses of the steam roads for the year averaged 53.33 per cent. of the earnings. The taxes on the New York roads averaged 64 per cent., and in 1859, 58.31; so that the current rate of expenditures largely exceeds that of ordinary years.

THE WEALTH OF ILLINOIS.—From the official reports in the Auditor's office at Springfield, it appears that the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of Illinois for 1864 and 1865, in all the counties except Monroe and Pulaski, was as follows: In 1864, $356,709,095; in 1865, $391,662,284; increase over last year, $34,991,-189. This shows that notwithstanding the burdens of the war the State has added nearly ten per cent. to her actual wealth since the year 1864. The Southern counties also invariably show a large increase in wealth, particularly in the case of such counties as Alexander, Jefferson, Washington and a few others; while there seems to be danger that Bureau, Jo Daviess, Kendall, Rock Island and Stephenson will eventually become totally impoverished, unless the ebb of their riches as indicated by the assessment returns, can somehow be stopped.

THE LARGEST FISHING TOWN IN THE WORLD.—Gloucester is probably the largest fishing town in the world. It has no other business relations; its commerce has departed, its agriculture and manufactures are next to nothing, and yet its fisheries are so extensive that the country is every year twelve thousand people, and if we include the men who are employed at the port, it would number fifteen thousand.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—The annual election of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was held on Monday. The following ticket was elected without opposition: J. Edgar Thompson, Josiah Bacon, John Hulme, G. B. Rosengarten, Wistar Morris, Alexander Nimick, Pittsburgh; Samuel T. Bodine, Joseph B. Myers, Edward C. Knight, Washington Butcher.

THE UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The Concluding Proceedings.

[We subjoin the conclusion of the proceedings of the Union State Convention, the substance of which was placed in the telegraph office in Harrisburg on Wednesday night but was not transmitted.]

Pending the discussion of the fourth resolution, appealing to President Johnson to stand by and lean for support on the loyal masses, R. B. Carnahan Esq., of Allegheny county, moved to amend by inserting the following:

That relying on the well tried loyalty and devotion of Andrew Johnson to the cause of the Union in the dark days of treason and rebellion, and remembering his patriotic conduct, services, and suffering which in times past endeared his name to the Union party; and now repeating full confidence in his ability, integrity and patriotism, we express the hope and confidence that the policy of his Administration will be so shaped and conducted as to save the nation from the perils which still surround it.

Hon. R. A. Browne, of Lawrence county, moved to further amend by striking out of the amendment the words "and now reposing full confidence in his ability, integrity and patriotism."

Hon. George Lawrence appealed to Mr. Carnahan to withdraw his amendment, but Mr. Carnahan declined to do so.

John M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., moved to strike out the resolution from the original series, which was declared to be out of order.

O. J. Dickey, Esq., of Lancaster, thought the Committee on Resolutions had gone as far as was possible for any Republican in Pennsylvania to go for compromise.

A. K. McClure, Esq., of Franklin, thought the gentleman from Allegheny had arrived two days late, the Democratic Convention having adjourned on Monday. He thought the resolution would have been adopted with a yell in that convention and receive the endorsement of every rebel in the land. He moved the indefinite postponement of the whole subject.

This motion was decided out of order, when an animated discussion ensued on a point of order.

Hon. John Cessna appealed for harmony and conciliation. The resolutions were the unanimous report of the committee, and he thought they reflected the sentiments of the Convention.

Mr. Carnahan, being again on all sides earnestly entreated to withdraw his amendment, said that the substitute offered by him did not differ from the original resolution otherwise than by expressing a *present* trust in the ability, integrity and patriotism of the President. For his own part he had such confidence, and was ready to say that he had. If the Convention had not let them say so. Such a course would at least have the appearance of being honest. In its present state the original resolution was an insult to the President if he was with us, and he would and ought to treat it with contempt. It was a whining, undignified appeal. He stated merely to say for himself and his constituents that the President was neither knave, fool nor traitor; and if the expression of such a sentiment was unfit for this Convention to hear, we have fallen on strange times. As to being accredited to the wrong Convention, he had been a Republican when many now on this floor, and ready to say that they have no confidence in the patriotism of Andrew Johnson, were acting with the Copperheads. But as warm friends, in whose judgment he relied, appealed to him to withdraw his substitute for the sake of harmony, but against his own judgment, he would do so.

The fourth resolution, as reported by the Committee, was then adopted by the following vote;

AYES—Messrs. Armstrong, Allison, Anderson, Brown, Bruce, Baker, Bunnel, Bannon, Cadwallader, Cochran, Calow, Connell, Covode, Conner, Cox, Cornell, Cowles, Chatham, Dimmock, Dickey, Duffield, Delany, Dutton, Derrickon, Dixon, Longstreet, Evans, Elistree, Ewing, Futhey, Franciscus, Fahnestock, Fiemken, Fry, Gill, Guth, Greene, Hamilton, Haas, Hewitt, Hunt, Hoge, Hill, Philadelphia, Hall, Allegheny, Hall, (Blair,) Hall, (Washington,) Hamphrey, Hamilton, Henderson, Hetzel, Hiner, Hoge, Ingham, Irvin, (Beaver,) Irvin, (Centre,) Jacobs, Johnson, (Erie,) Johnson, (Warren,) Jones, (Philadelphia,) Jones, (Dauphin,) Jessup, King, Kreibel, Lee, Lamberton, Lawrence, Meconkey Mann, Mc'Clure, Moore, (Lehigh,) Madill, Meredith, Mendenhall, Mc'Clellan, Mullen, Mc'Afee, Mehaffey, Mayer, Mark, Miller, Mintzer, Mc'Alarney, Orwig, Ochs, Porter, Patterson, Juniata, Patterson, Armstrong, Pugh, Purviance, Roberts, Rogers, (Erie,) Schaffer, Smith, Sumner, Swope, Stanton, Stewart, Indiana, Simpson, Todd, Tankersly, Whiteside, Woods, Wetzel and Yardley—106.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Brown, Durbin, Dickson, (Philadelphia,) Davy, Fuller, Hare, Kirkpatrick, McClure, Marshall, Mechling, Montgomery, Mc'Allister, Mingle, Renner, Rogers, (Venango,) Stewart, (Allegheny,) Strohl and Walker—21.

The remaining resolutions, except the last, relative to the appointment of the Chairman of the State Central Committee, were then adopted in a body.

A. K. McClure, Esq., offered a resolution amendatory of the last resolution, setting forth the ability, fidelity and eminent success with which Hon. John Cessna discharged the duties of Chairman of the Union State Committee, entitle him to the lasting gratitude of the Union party of Pennsylvania, and that he be continued chairman of said committee another year.

Mr. Hall, of Blair, and Mr. Cochran, of York, argued that the original resolution should have been adopted, in order that the candidate of the Convention might be consulted in relation to the choice of Chairman.

Mr. Cessna favored the adoption of the original resolution, and asked to be excused from further service in the position of Chairman of the State Committee.

Mr. McClure then withdrew his amendment, and the resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Dickey the Convention proceeded to vote for a candidate for Governor, with the following result: General John W. Geary, 81 votes; W. W. Ketchum, 2; John K. Moorhead, 19 votes; General Harry White, 5 votes. Hon. John Cessna declined being a candidate, and voted for Gen. Geary. Hon. John Scott, of Huntingdon, also declined.

BALLOT FOR GOVERNOR.

Messrs. Anderson, Brower, Brooke, Baker, Bannon, Cadwallader, Cochran, Covode, Conner, Cessna, Correll, Cowles, Chatham, Dickey, Delany, Dutton, Derrickson, Evans, Mc'Elree, Ewing, Futhey, Franciscus, Fahnestock Fry, Guth, Green, Haas, Hewitt, Hoge, Hill, Philadelphia, Hall, Blair, Humphrey, Hamilton, Hetzel, Hill, (Berks,) Hitner, Ingham, Irvin, (Centre,) Jordan, Johnson, (Erie,) Johnson, (Warren,) Jones, (Dauphin,) Krick, Kunkel, Meconkey, Mercer, McCullough, Moore, Philadelphia, Mechling, Mill, Madill, Meredith, Mendenhall, M'Clellan, Mullen, M'Afee, Mehaffey, Mayer, Mark, Miller, Mintzer, M'Alarney, Orwig, Ochs, Porter, Patterson, Juniata, Patterson, (Lancaster,) Roberts, Rogers, (Erie,) Rogers, (Venango,) Schaffer, Shaubes, Scope, Sill, Simpson, Todd, Tankersly, Whiteside, Woods, White, Weig

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
... and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
... night of the engagement of the great characters,
MR. AND MISS COULDOCK.
Who have nightly appeared to crowded houses.
MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock.
CINDERELLA; OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.
Admission 25 cents; Children 25 cents.
THIS EVENING, the great serio comic drama of
OLD PHIL'S BIRTHDAY.
Overture, selected.....Orchestra.
Dance.....Miss Annie.
To conclude with the four act sensation of
GYPSEY OF GRENADA.

THE FAVORITES OF THE METROPOLIS.
MASONIC HALL.
POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY.
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURDAY EVENINGS, March 13, 14 and 15, 1866.
The Original and World-Famed
WOOD'S MINSTREL!
From Wood's Minstrel Hall, 514 Broadway N. Y.
Organized in 1921. The established reputation of the chief artistes of this inimitable organization is sufficient guarantee of their matchless performances. Admission 50 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert commence at 8.
mh9-1w COOL WHITE, Manger.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.
A BRICK HOUSE.
No. 302 Leacock street, Allegheny, two squarefrom the Rand street Bridge, containing nine roomswith hot and cold water and gas fixtures. Inquire of
JOSEPH PATTERSON
mh9 2t No. 42 Third street, Pittsburgh.

TO LET.
WAREHOUSES AND OFFICES.
I will receive propositions to lease for a term of two years or more, even to ten first-class FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSES, to be built on Duquesne way, immediately in front of the Pittsburgh Plow Works, during the coming season, if sufficient inducement is offered
The Buildings may be 24 feet front by an average depth of 127 feet, and of sufficient strength to sustain storage for grain or other heavy articles up to and including the fifth story, and each house supplied w a platform elevator capable of lifting two tons a se
The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad track can be extended along the rear of the blocks a level with the second story, affording the facility of loading or unloading directly into or from the cars
Also, two stores or more finely finished, well lighted, Double Offices, suitable for Oil dealers and others.
fe17-tf J. C. BIDWELL

FOR RENT.
Warehouse No. 61 Wood street, between Third and Fourth, extending to More Room in first and second stories, with cellar; from April. Apply to
ROBERT M'KNIGHT,
fe12-tf **133 FOURTH STREET**

TO LET—
A LOT OF GROUND,
Above Smithfield street, running through from Fifth to Sixth street, 53 feet wide by 160 feet deep. This Lot is very eligible for a CARRIAGE SHOP, BLACKSMITH SHOP, or any manufacturing business requiring considerable room. Possession given June 1, 1866. Apply to
ja25-tf LYON, SHORB & CO.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The partnership heretofore existing under the name of
JAMES MARSHALL & CO.
Was this day dissolved by mutual consent, James Marshall having purchased the interest of Robert D. Clark. The old business will be settled by James Marshall.
JAMES MARSHALL.
ROBERT D. CLARK,
PITTSBURGH, February 21, 1866.
The undersigned having associated with him in the FOUNDRY BUSINESS his son, JAMES MARSHALL, Jr., the business will be conducted in all its branches as heretofore, under the name of JAMES MARSHALL & CO.
fe27 1m JAMES MARSHALL.

FOR SALE.

OIL TANKS FOR SALE,
TWO TANKS,
In good order; capacity about 100 bbls each, will be sold cheap. Can be seen at Hope Cotton Mills, Allegheny city.
mh16-1t **A. H. CHILDS & CO.**

SIX BOXES
Old Virginia Bright Tobacco.
Confiscated. For sale by
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
mh8 Corner Smithfield and Water streets.

BARREL MACHINERY.
A full set of "Holmes's" Barrel Machinery, for sale low by
JAMES A. HUTCHISON,
mh3-3w corner of Ferry and Front streets.

FOR SALE.
SIX WROUGHT IRON OIL STILLS
Of 60 barrels capacity each, with condensing pipes and goose necks, by the
HUTCHISON OIL AND REFINING CO.,
mh3-3w corner of Ferry and Front streets.

FOR SALE.
1 Oil Still, capacity 15 barrels.
2 Boilers, 30 in 16.
5 Boilers, 33 in, 16 ft.
D. F. AGNEW & CO.,
Boiling Works, corner Carson and Butler streets, Ninth Ward.
oc24

FOR SALE.
A DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE,
On Penn street. Or will be exchanged for Real Estate as a fair price. Address **PHARMACEUTIST,**
fe16-tf Commercial office.

FOR SALE.
One Engine—15 inches diameter of cylinder, 4 feet 6 inches stroke, 18 feet heavy fly-wheel, with hot and cold water force pumps, blow-off safety valve, patent packing. This Engine is nearly new, and is of superior workmanship, all the castings being heavy. Also,
Four Engines—7½-inch cylinder, 24-inch stroke, suitable for oil wells. One is new, the others have been slightly used.
Also, a complete set of Derrick Rigging—includes bull and band wheels, boring tools, castings, ropes, &c. Also, 1500 feet of 3-in. tubing, brass joints, pump barrels, rods, &c.
Thirty barrels of Scrap Hoop Iron.
About 10 tons of Scrap Cast Iron.
Eighteen Wooden Tanks, 24 feet diameter, 16 feet staves, capacity 1,200 barrels each. Apply,
ALEXANDRE, JOUVON
AND OTHER
KID GLOVES
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES, BY
R. H. PALMER,
mh2 **84 Wood street.**

PITTSBURGH AND BALTIMORE
Lumber, Oil and Mining Co.,
CONSISTING OF SIXTY ORIGINAL SHARES.
PAR VALUE.....$1,000 EACH.
OFFICERS:
President.....FREDERICK EVERT.
Vice President.....WILLIAM MAZET.
Treasurer.....C. HOEVELER.
Secretary.....J. C. DICKEN.
DIRECTORS:
Frederick Evert, C. Hoeveler,
Adam Becker, John Bleicher,
William Eagles, Jr., Jos. Dugeis,
L. Schmidt, J. C. Dicken.
This Company has been organized under a charter from the State of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of manufacturing and selling Lumber, Mining and disposing of Coal, boring for and producing Oil, &c., upon their property, which they own in fee, consisting of 2,852 Acres of Land, adjoining the town of Rawlsburg, on the Baltimore and Ohio RR., in Preston co., West Virginia, the land extending upon and along the Cheat river for five miles, and being well timbered. Also, a lease for ten years of 63 acres of land on the Monongahela river in Westmoreland county, Pa. The title to the property has been carefully examined and found to be perfect; it is known to be rich in minerals, and covered with the best of timber. The original shares have nearly all been taken.
The remaining shares are now open at the office of C. HOEVELER, Esq., German Insurance Company, Liberty street, where a prospectus, giving full particulars, may be seen.
ja27 m wsf

M. A. JONES & CO.,
(Successors to J. P. Scott,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRUGS, OILS AND SPICES,
No. 296 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.
SOLE AGENT
For Capt. E. Holbrooks Banner Brand Tobacco o Louisville. Ky ja12-3m was

WIGGINS, BRADFORD & CO.,
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Last Night of the Magnificent
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SATURDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, March 10. In the Afternoon will be presented the beautiful play of
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In the Evening the great four act play of the
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To conclude with the grand Military Drama of the
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In rehearsal, THE FEMALE FORTY THIEVES.
WANTED—Twenty Young Ladies for the Corp de Ballet. Apply at the Box Office.
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More novelties in preparation.

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Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have exclusive use of the same.
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We have just received a new and large stock of the above Goods, to which we invite the attention of dealers and the trade.
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Have just received a very large and fine selection of Musical Boxes—from one to ten tunes—varying in price from
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Among the one which is finer than anything ever brought this city. It has the
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Call with arge and two witnesses. ly28

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Pyrites Sulphuret of Iron
A GOOD PRICE.
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DOTS,
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Which will be sold the case or dozen, at a small
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RAILROAD ...ES,
RAILROAD ... BARS and BOLTS;
RAILROAD C... HEELS and AXLE
STREET CAR... ELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CA... ELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ... LED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ... LED PISTON RODS,
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SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES.
Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and
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Cast Steel for Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, &c.
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Will remove to 64 First street, on April 1st.
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GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
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We manufacture and keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the best Cooking Stoves for coal and wood, among which are the Ironsides and Allegheny for coal, and Empire and Diamond Rock for wood, which we offer at the lowest figures. Warehouse, No. 77 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny city. ja26-3m
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Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Tool Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe, with Bolle's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettle House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bored or plain, turning and all finishing done to order. A large assortment of rolling-mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. ja23-1y

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Continues to manufacture all descriptions of wagons carts, drays, trucks, horse rakes, steelpoint, ballroad and and Express baggage trucks. The celebrated Prairie Breaker and Mouldboard Plow, Wheat Fan, Harpoon and Pronged Hay Elevator, &c. All made of the best material and warranted. Office and Works, corner Marshall street and Marion avenue, front of Penitentiary, Allegheny. COLUMBUS COLEMAN.
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Machinists and manufacturers of their improved patent
Boring Tools for Oil Wells,
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Bridge and other Bolts, all sizes, and Machine Jobbing of all kinds done promptly to order. (dec20-3m

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MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam engines for oil wells, with fine or portable boiler under shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c., &c. dec4-tf

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Returns promptly made. Weekly Price List sent to Country Dealers.

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100 BBLS. FLOUR;
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10 TONS CHOPPED RYE;
20 TONS MIDDLINGS;
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50 TONS BALED HAY;
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Business will be under the supervision of THOS SIM... a member of the firm. dec7-3m

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Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.
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No. 239 Liberty street, opposite Wood, *PITTSBURGH, PA.*
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Also, REFINED OILS.
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WEEKLY PRICE CURRENTS sent to consignors.
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DEALERS IN
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ACIDS, CHEMICALS,
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Malsters & Brewers
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On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of
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Manufactured into cut plugs, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
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ap15.

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dec23

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A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable
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500 bbls North Carolina Rosin for Brewers and Soap makers' use.
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Of our own importation, and comprising the most extensive and complete assortment of any description of goods in our line that we have ever had the pleasure of offering to our customers.
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Next door to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.
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OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
Offer a most complete assortment of
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Especially
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IMPORTED BY OURSELVES
In a greater quantity, and embraces a finer variety of styles, than ever before brought to this market, including most elegant
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And Small Figures for Halls, with Stair to match. The choicest of the New Patterns and the best of the Old.
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Having an experienced and skillful Upholsterer, we engage to make and put down Carpets and Oil Cloths, and Hang Window Shades, either in the city or suburbs. fe14

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APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS.
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96 Smithfield street, near Fifth.
Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-1y

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Steamboat, Oil Tools and Railroad work in all their branches. Ja23-3m

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Isaac Trescott & Son,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of
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Jobbers of Yankee Notions, Rags and paper stock generally. fe1

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Duff's Steamboat Book-keeping and Blanks,
For sale by
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THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.
PURE, FRESH, and TASTELESS
THE SUREST REMEDY FOR
COUGHS & COLDS, CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, &c.
NOLEN'S COD LIVER OIL
No brand of Oil so fully merits the appreciation and patronage of the public, possessing as it does, every requisite of purity, freshness, sweetness, cheapness and unifirmity of preparation.
Sold wholesale in this city by
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The Proprietors. JOHN ROSS.
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JOHN ROSS & CO.,
(Successors to Wm. N. Ogden & Co.,)
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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CARBON OIL LAMPS AND
FIXTURES, CHANDELIERS, &c.,
NO. 64 MARKET STREET,
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ARTHUR KIRK,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
CARBON OIL GLASS LAMPS,
of all patterns, styles and prices.
A large stock of
AMALGAM BRONZE AND SPELTER LAMPS AND CHANDELIERS.
Also, the celebrated National Refining and Storing Company REFINED CARBON OIL constantly on hand.
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Has just opened a full line of
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For Ladies, Misses and Children, and has now on hand Mufflers, Scarfs, Wristlets, Warm Gloves and Mittens, in great variety de19
JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
PORK PACKER.
Dealer in Sugar-cured Hams, Bacon, Barrel Pork, Dried Beef, Lard, Lard Oil, Grease, Tallow, &c., &c. Would respectfully solicit a share of the trade.
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10 TONS
CAUSTIC SODA,
10 TONS
SAL SODA.
Arriving and for sale by
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WORTH NEARLY ONE MILLION DOLLARS:
ALL TO BE SOLD FOR
One Dollar Each,
Without regard to Value! No Article to be paid for until you know what it is and its value.
NO LOTTERY! NO GIFT ENTERPRIZE
LIST OF ARTICLES:
500 solid Silver Tea Sets, complete, $50 to $300; 200 Rosewood and Mahogany Musical Boxes, 50 to 200; 250 Gold Hunting Watches, 75 to 250; 220 Ladies' Enameled Gold Watches, 50 to 250; 500 Gents' Hunting Silver Watches, 35 to 100; 300 open-faced Silver Watches,

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

SOAP.—The Messrs. Sawyer, of Wood street, have on hand a large variety of all kinds of soap, of their own manufacture, to which they direct the attention of dealers and others.

THE LEADER.—The Pittsburgh *Leader* for today is out. It is a good number, filled with interesting miscellany and the usual amount of spicy editorials and local items. Mr Pittock's enterprise and energy are meeting with an abundant reward, judging from the business aspect of the *Leader*.

LAWRENCEVILLE NOMINATIONS.—The citizens of the Second ward, Lawrenceville, held a meeting on Thursday evening, irrespective of party, and unanimously nominated Samuel W. Reiffer, Esq., for Burgess of Lawrenceville, and J. W. Riddell and T. K. Sill, Esqs., for Council.

REV. HENRY D. MOORE, Pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church, will preach, tomorrow, morning and evening, in Christ's Methodist Episcopal Church, on Penn street. By invitation, the Plymouth Church and congregation will worship with Christ's M. E. Church and congregation during the services of to-morrow. Services in the morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock.

CITY MORTALITY.—Dr. George I. McCook, Physician of Board of Health, reports the number of interments in the city for the week ending March 4th, at sixteen—seven adults and nine children. The number of death were as follows: Peritonitis, one; general debility, one; puerperal pyaemia, one; consumption, three; disease of heart, one; senile impotency, one; diptheria, one; acute meirmigitis, one; congestion of lungs, two; convulsions, two; pneumonia, one; diarrhœa, one.

BEFORE ACTING.—MAYOR OWSTON.—Yesterday morning a young lad named Trevor Richmond, was arrested in the Diamond market, on a charge of stealing a lot of postal currency from Austin Frock, a dealer in the market. As he is suspected of being guilty of several similar offenses, the Alderman held him for trial. Peter Horty was arrested for breaking a window in Le Roy's restaurant. The establishment is a third-field street, and in default of bail was committed to jail to answer.

RAILROAD BRIDGE.—The Councils of Allegheny city have received notice from the officers of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company of their intention to have the footwalk on the railroad bridge over the Allegheny river, removed. The reason assigned for this was that the property adjoining would be in great danger should a fire again occur in the stables, in absence of proper separatus and suitable water facilities. A resolution was also adopted declaring the increase of fare on the railway as illegal and unjust.

MARKET HOUSE FOR EAST BIRMINGHAM.—For some months past the citizens of East Birmingham have been discussing the propriety of erecting a public market house in the borough. The matter has been up before the Council time after time, but no definite action was ever taken. At the meeting of the Select Council on Thursday evening, the matter was finally disposed of by submitting the question to a vote of the citizens, to take place on the Friday next, the 16th inst. As this is the regular day for the election of borough officers for the ensuing year, we have no doubt that a large vote will be polled. The vote on the market house question will probably be close, as some contend that it is unnecessary and would be an expense to the borough.

The Cambria County Murderers.

Bowser and Houser, who were convicted in Cambria county Court some time since, for the murder of Miss Polly Paul, on the night of the 7th of June last, applied to the Supreme Court for a new trial, on a writ of error. The case was heard, when the decision of the lower Court was sustained. Both the defendants were from Allegheny, and during the trial they endeavored to prove an *alibi*, and procured a number of residents of that city to Cambria county for that purpose, but after the witnesses had had an interview with their counsel, they were informed that their services were not required. Bowser and Houser were arrested in Allegheny shortly after the murder by Chief of Police Hague and Capt. M'Kelvy, of Allegheny night police, who are claimants for the reward of five hundred dollars offered by the authorities of Cambria county for the arrest and conviction of the murderers. Having no other applicants for the reward, it is probable that an order will be issued by the Cambria Court for the payment of the money to them.

East Birmingham Councils.

The first meeting of the borough of East Birmingham held its regular monthly meeting on Thursday evening. Present—Messrs. Erny, Chess, Heisel, Keil, Slocum and Burgess Snider. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Sundry bills to the amount of $1863 42 were presented, and warrants were ordered to be drawn for the amounts.

Mr. Heisel offered a resolution that officers of the Council receive the same compensation for their services as last year. Adopted.

On motion warrants were ordered to be drawn in the following: C. F. Feld, constable, $150 00; A. Ammon, Clerk of Council, $150 00; John Meloy, Esq., Solicitor, $50 00; Janitor of Council Chamber, $6 00.

A petition was read from the residents of Wharton street, asking for the grading of said street. Referred to the Committee on Streets.

Mr. Keil offered his resignation as a member of Council, which was accepted, providing the same shall not take effect until from and after the next meeting of Council.

The committee appointed relative to the propriety of erecting a market house, and appointing a suitable place therefor, reported that the erection of the same would be very beneficial to the borough, and that it would be a self-sustaining institution, and, therefore would not be a burthen upon the borough, as was supposed. The report was accompanied by the following resolution:

Resolved, That the qualified voters of the borough shall vote on the market house question at the next borough election, on Friday, March 16th, for or against the erection of the same, and that the Constable be instructed to have one thousand tickets printed.

On motion Council adjourned.

Police Items.

BEFORE ALDERMAN TAYLOR.—John Mawhinney made information before this magistrate yesterday, charging a man named Thomas Williams with assault and battery. It is alleged that Williams did without just cause or provocation attack the deponent, and struck him severely in the head, thereby inflicting severe injuries. The parties reside in the fifth ward. A warrant was issued, John Leatherby was arrested on a charge of larceny as bailee of articles to the amount of sixty-five dollars, from Barnard Wall, on March 1st, the sum of five hundred dollars bail for his appearance at Court.

BEFORE JUSTICE AMMON.—James Senior made oath yesterday before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, charging William Robinson with assault and battery. The parties were coal diggers, working in the vicinity of Beck's run, and words passing between them, they struck each other. The case was dismissed, and the costs divided between the parties.

BEFORE JUSTICE HOGAN.—Robinson, the defendant in the above case, proceeded to the office of Justice Hogan in East Birmingham, and preferred the same charge against Senior. The 'Squire, like Justice Ammon, decided that each party to be in the wrong as much as the other, dismissed the case also, with the costs divided between the parties.

Court Proceedings.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Before Judges Stowe and Brown.

Alfred Day and Homer Crisinger were indicted for felonious intent in entering the store of Thomas Carnaghan, in McKeesport, at a late hour on the night of the 16th of December last. Although the conduct was highly improper, no felonious intent could be proven, and the jury acquitted them.

John Allinder was tried and convicted for the larceny of one dollar, when the Court sentenced him to the county jail for three months.

George Smith, alias Thomas Watson, a resident of York, Pa., was tried for the larceny of an overcoat, valued at one hundred dollars, the property of H. B. Wilkins. The coat had been pawned at E. Le Boy's, on Smithfield street, where it was recovered by the police. The jury brought in a verdict of guilty, when the Court gave him one year in the penitentiary and costs of previous good character.

James Thompson plead guilty to two charges of larceny, and as he is an old offender, the Court sentenced him to an imprisonment in the Penitentiary for two years in each case.

Dennis Carr, the proprietor of a second hand store at the Point, was tried for the larceny of a quantity of rope from H. M. Bole & Co. The rope was stolen by a number of boys, and sold to the defendant for one fourth its price. The Commonwealth being unable to prove that the defendant knew the rope had been stolen, a verdict of not guilty was rendered, and he was discharged.

John H. Beck was indicted for the larceny of a rocking-chair from Splane's cabinet establishment on Smithfield street. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty, when the Court sentenced the defendant to an imprisonment of ten days in the county jail.

Margaret Henderson was arraigned for stealing a shawl and a quantity of dry goods from the house of a female named Mary Ann Hall, in Allegheny. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Frank Bruckner, a shoemaker, residing in Temperanceville, was tried on a charge of illegal liquor selling. The defendant's counsel entered a plea that the prosecution had been instigated by a man named Davis, who had been a subtenant of the defendant, and who had threatened revenge for being ejected from the dwelling. On trial.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judge Sterrett.

The Court has been engaged for the past two days in trying the case of Spencer & McKay vs. the People's Insurance Company. The plaintiffs in this case were the owners of the Phœnix Brewery, in the Ninth ward, which was destroyed by fire in June last. The defendants that insured the building and contents for the sum of ten thousand dollars, but declined to pay the amount of the policy, on the grounds that the plaintiffs had materially increased the risk by adding to their business the manufacture of whiskey. They also allege that the premises first insured that they had lost ten thousand bushels of grain, but afterwards admitted the amount to fourteen thousand bushels. The case excites considerable interest, and will, it is expected, be concluded until Monday or Tuesday next.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points. United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
mh8

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, March 9, P. M.

A bill explanatory of the Internal Revenue act of June 30th, 1864, has passed both houses of Congress, in which the 122d section, to which we referred a few days since, is declared to apply to the taxation of dividends and interest payable to all persons, including non-residents, whether citizens or aliens. The decision in the case of Jackson vs. the Northern Central Railroad Co. that foreign holders were not liable to taxation has probably occasioned this explanatory act. We have not the decision by us, but it looks as if a conflict might arise between the legislative and judiciary department upon this question, unless Congress settles the matter by revoking the bill on the general principle that there can be "no taxation without representation."

—There are no signs of a revival of business in our local stocks. The whole list of home securities is very inactive. No purchases appear in the market, and the prices have undergone no change since report of last sales, as far as we can judge from mere offerings. Columbia is depressed in consequence of some small lots being urged upon the market by needy holders, which it is said were sold as low as 22½—but no large amounts could be had at such figures.

—E. D. JONES, ESQ.—This gentleman, formerly cashier of the Citizens' Bank, of this city, removed hence five years ago to St. Louis, has charge of the most popular Bank of that city, known as the Second National Bank, with a capital of $200,000,and deposits reaching $2,000,000. His salary is $7,000, the largest of any salary paid to Bank officers in that city.

—The New York *Advertiser* says: The gold market still exhibits a drooping tendency, and opinion is very much divided as to the future course of the premium. The late Government sales have undoubtedly produced a temporary over-supply, which partially depresses the premium; at the same time, the credit of the Government is steadily improving, at home and abroad, which has a tendency above all other considerations, to keep down the price of gold. On the other hand, we must have a large demand for gold for customs, not only during the present Spring, but most probably for many months to come. It would appear inevitable that our importations must be large for the Fall trade, from the fact that domestic producers are not able to compete with foreign. Prices of commodities, at New York, now rule about 25% per cent higher in gold values, than in 1860; and they have a strong support in the fact that wages, measured in gold, average about 30 per cent. over those paid in that year.

Under such a condition of affairs, foreign manufacturers will be able to sell their products here at a profit, while our own make a loss rather than sacrifice. Of course, there must be an ultimate equalization, but that result will be delayed partially by the comparative scarcity of labor resulting from the war, and partially by the disturbing agitation among the working classes for a limitation of labor to eight hours per day—a demand which has been conceded to, in some cases, and to which employers appear likely to be compelled, in still more cases, to submit.

This condition of affairs is not only sure to be attended with a large demand for gold for customs, but may also be accompanied with a demand for export; both of which causes will counteract the downward tendency in the premium arising from an improvement of the public credit.

Nor is it to be overlooked that the high price of commodities will tend to limit our exportation of produce, in payment for our large imports.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, March 10, 1866.

Trade was not very active. The sales were confined to lots to meet the wants of the city trade. Buyers don't appear to have much confidence in the prospect range of prices. The receipts of produce are on the increase by river and rail. As regards the leading articles we have no particular change to record. The weather has again moderated, and is pleasant. Trade on the wharf was not very active, freights for most points being scarce. The America is receiving for her regular packet, and the Kate Putnam for Zanesville at 4 P. M. The Leondas and Kate Putnam are receiving for Cairo and St. Louis, and are announced for this day. The Kate Robinson will be the first boat for Cincinnati. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind. The Forest City came in on time. She will leave for Parkersburg at noon. On the Alleghenies the weather was very active. The receipts of oil were liberal—at least a person would think so to take a look on the Allegheny landing.

FLOUR—There was a steady trade demand for this article. The receipts continue fair, and about keep pace with the local demand. The exports for the oil regions are on the increase. So far as relates to prices, we have no change to notice. Holders were firm in their views. Extra Family from winterwheat—Sales 180 bbls, at $9 50@10 50; do bbls, do, at $9 75@12 bbls; choice at $10 50. Spring wheat flour—sales of 100 bbls, at $8 25@8 50 bbls, do, at $8 50@9 50 bbls. Mississippi Valley, at $10 00.

GRAIN—The receipts are steadily increasing, and so is the demand. Among the sales we note 60 bbls, and half bbls, at 65@70c. The article is fast taking the place of New Orleans molasses.

SEEDS—Are in steady demand, and particularly for the better description. We note sales of 40 bags of Goshen at 25c, Sales of common qualities at 19@25c per lb.

GRAIN—The market remains inactive. The sales are unimportant, the receipts are limited to demand, with sales of 400 bushels, first hands, at 42c. From store the usual advance was obtained; corn—Not many transactions. Sales of 1 car shelled, at 55c; 1 do, ear, at 50c; two loads, three horses, from store, of 500 bushels Pennsylvania, at 75c. Barley—Dull prices nominally unchanged. Rye—Sales of cars apart.

BACON—The market remains steady with a moderate demand. We note the following transactions to supply the trade of Saturday: Sales of hams, sugar cured, at 19½c. S Hams—2 do 2 at 23½c. Sides—Ribbed at 17c. Bulk Meat—Shoulders 13c; Sides 15c.

LARD OIL.—The demand was steady with a moderate inquiry for the trade. Sales of 5 gallons.

LARD—We note sales of 10 bbls leaf at 18c.

SPICES—Are quiet and inactive. We note sales of 15 bbls at $29 00.

DRIED FRUITS—The receipts have fallen off. Prices are a shade higher. Sales of 10 boxes and ½ half bbls at 9c. Other sales were made at 9@9½c.

POTATOES—Sales of 400 bu peach blows, from store, at $1 20; 75 bbls do. at $3 00; 40 bbls, in store, at $3 75, market closing firm.

BRICK—Sales at city yards, delivered, common, mill run, at $14 00; common, hard, $15; fire brick, $40; Bavier, $40; do brick, $45 00, delivered.

LEAD—We have no change to notice. Sales of 100 kegs Bar at 12½c.

SHOT—The market reports have fallen off. Prices are a shade higher. Sales of 10 boxes and ½ half bbls at 9c. Other sales were made at 9@9½c.

PROVISIONS—Sales of 400 lbs